University of Mumbai



No. AAMS_UGS/ICC/2023-24/26

CIRCULAR:-

Attention of the Principals of the Affiliated Colleges and Directors of the Recognized Institutions in Faculty of Science & Technology is invited to this office Circular No. UG/63 of 2018-19 dated 06th July, 2018 relating to the revised syllabus as per the (CBCS) for the T.Y.B. Sc. In Computer Science (Sem -V & VI).

They are hereby informed that the recommendations made by the Board of Deans at its meeting held on 27th June, 2023 <u>vide</u> item No. 6.2 (R) have been accepted by the Academic Council at its meeting held on 27th June, 2023 <u>vide</u> item No. 6.2 (R) and that in accordance therewith, the revised syllabus of T.Y.B. Sc. (Computer Science) (CBCS) (Sem – V & VI) has been brought into force with effect from the academic year 2023-24.

(The said circular is available on the University's website www.mu.ac.in).

MUMBAI – 400 032 13th July, 2023

(Prof. Sunil Bhirud)
I/c. REGISTRAR

To

The Principals of the Affiliated Colleges and Directors of the Recognized Institutions in Faculty of Science & Technology.

A.C/6.2 (R) /27/06/2023

Copy forwarded with Compliments for information to:-

- 1) The Dean, Faculty of Science & Technology,
- 2) The Chairman, Board of Studies Computer Science,
- 3) The Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation,
- 4) The Director, Board of Students Development,
- 5) The Director, Department of Information & Communication Technology,
- 6) The Co-ordinator, MKCL.



Copy for information and necessary action:-

- 1. The Deputy Registrar, College Affiliations & Development Department (CAD),
- 2. College Teachers Approval Unit (CTA),
- 3. The Deputy Registrar, (Admissions, Enrolment, Eligibility and Migration Department (AEM),
- 4. The Deputy Registrar, Academic Appointments & Quality Assurance (AAQA)
- 5. The Deputy Registrar, Research Administration & Promotion Cell (RAPC).
- 6. The Deputy Registrar, Executive Authorities Section (EA)
 He is requested to treat this as action taken report on the concerned resolution adopted by the Academic Council referred to the above circular.
- 7. The Deputy Registrar, PRO, Fort, (Publication Section),
- 8. The Deputy Registrar, Special Cell,
- 9. The Deputy Registrar, Fort Administration Department (FAD) Record Section,
- 10. The Deputy Registrar, Vidyanagari Administration Department (VAD),

Copy for information:-

- 1. The Director, Dept. of Information and Communication Technology (DICT), Vidyanagari,
 - He is requested to upload the Circular University Website
- 2. The Director of Department of Student Development (DSD),
- 3. The Director, Institute of Distance and Open Learning (IDOL Admin), Vidyanagari,
- 4. All Deputy Registrar, Examination House,
- 5. The Deputy Registrars, Finance & Accounts Section,
- 6. The Assistant Registrar, Administrative sub-Campus Thane,
- 7. The Assistant Registrar, School of Engg. & Applied Sciences, Kalyan,
- 8. The Assistant Registrar, Ratnagiri sub-centre, Ratnagiri,
- 9. P.A to Hon'ble Vice-Chancellor,
- 10. P.A to Pro-Vice-Chancellor,
- 11. P.A to Registrar,
- 12. P.A to All Deans of all Faculties,
- 13. P.A to Finance & Account Officers, (F & A.O),
- 14. P.A to Director, Board of Examinations and Evaluation,
- 15. P.A to Director, Innovation, Incubation and Linkages,
- 16. P.A to Director, Department of Lifelong Learning and Extension (DLLE),
- 17. The Receptionist,
- 18. The Telephone Operator,

Copy with compliments for information to:-

19 The Secretary, MUASA 20. The Secretary, BUCTU.

UNIVERSITY OF MUMBAI



Revised Syllabus for
T.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science)
(Sem. V & VI)
(CBCS)

(With effect from the academic year 2023-24)



University of Mumbai



Syllabus for Approval

Sr.	Heading	Particulars
No.		
1	O: Title of Course	T.Y.B.Sc. (Computer Science)
2	O. Fliaibility	Amended Regulations 8438 & 8439
	O: Eligibility	for all UG programs (aided and non-aided) in Faculties of Arts, Science & Commerce
3	R: Passing Marks	40% Marks
		3 Years/ 6 Semesters
4	No. of years/Semesters:	
_	- accorni	P.G. / U.G./ Diploma / Certificate
5		(Strike out which is not applicable)
6		Yearly / Semester (Strike out which is not applicable)
7	Status:	Revised / New (Strike out which is not applicable)
8	To be implemented from Academic Year :	From Academic Year: 2023-24

Prof. Shivram S. Garje,

Dean,

Faculty of science and Technology

Preamble

The revised and restructured syllabus aims to provide students with a comprehensive understanding of computer science concepts, theories, and practical skills, enabling them to excel in the dynamic and rapidly evolving field of technology. The revised and restructured curriculum for the Three-year

integrated course is systematically designed considering the current industry needs in terms of skill sets demanded in the new technological environment. It also endeavors to align the program structure and course curriculum with student aspirations and corporate expectations. The proposed curriculum is contextual, industry-friendly, and suitable to cater to the needs of society and the nation in the present-day environment.

The TYBSc Computer Science syllabus is structured as follows:

Core Modules: The syllabus comprises core modules that cover essential topics in computer science, ensuring a strong foundation that aim to develop computational thinking, analytical abilities, and problem-solving skills among students. The Artificial Intelligence course provides in-depth knowledge of cutting edge AI concepts and techniques empowering them to develop intelligent systems and algorithms. With a focus on safeguarding information and systems the Cyber and Information Security course equips students with essential concepts and practices in cybersecurity. The Data Science course provides students with a solid foundation in data analysis and interpretation, enabling them to extract valuable insights and make data-driven decisions. In an era dominated by cloud-based technologies, the Cloud Computing course focuses on the principles, architectures, and applications of cloud computing.

Skill Enhancement Electives: Students are required to choose skill enhancement electives to deepen their knowledge in specific areas of interest. The electives offer specialized courses such as web development, cybersecurity, data science, or software engineering. By selecting these courses, students can tailor their learning experience according to their career aspirations and industry demands. Skill Enhancement courses such as Linux Server Administration, Software Testing and Quality Assurance, Cyber Forensics, Game Programming, Data Mining and Warehousing, Wireless and Sensor Networks, Ethical Hacking, and Information Retrieval cater to specialized areas of expertise and industry demands. Generic Electives: The

syllabus also includes generic electives, which provide students with the option to explore disciplines of interest beyond their choices in Core and Discipline-Specific Elective papers. These courses broaden their horizons and allow for interdisciplinary learning. **Project Work:** A significant component of the syllabus

involves hands-on project work. Through

practical assignments and projects, students have the opportunity to apply their theoretical knowledge to real-world scenarios. This approach fosters creativity, problem-solving skills, and innovation in designing and developing software solutions.

Assessment methods for the TY Computer Science syllabus include written examinations, practical assignments, project evaluations, and presentations. This comprehensive approach ensures that students' understanding is evaluated through various mediums, emphasizing both theoretical knowledge and practical skills.

The newly designed TY Computer Science syllabus aims to equip students with the necessary competencies to pursue careers in software development, data analysis, research, or further studies in computer science-related disciplines. It seeks to empower students with the knowledge and skills required to thrive in the ever-evolving landscape of technology and contribute to the advancement of the field. We sincerely believe that students who undertake this program will gain a strong foundation and exposure to the basics, advanced concepts, and emerging trends in the subject. We express our gratitude to all the experts who provided valuable feedback and suggestions to improve the curriculum. We have made sincere efforts to incorporate their inputs. Special appreciation goes to the University Department of



Computer Science and colleagues from various colleges who volunteered or indirectly contributed to designing certain specialized courses and the syllabus as a whole.



T.Y.B.Sc. Computer Science Syllabus

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

with effect from

Academic year 2023-2024

		Semester – V		
Course Code	Course Type	Course Title	Credits	Lectures/Week
USCS501	Core Subject	Artificial Intelligence	3	3
USCSP501	Core Subject Practical Core	Artificial Intelligence – Practical	1	3
USCS502	Subject Core	Information & Network Security	3	3
USCSP502	Subject Practical	Information & Network Security – Practical	1	3
USCS5031	Skill Enhancement	Linux Server Administration	3	3
USCSP5031	Elective 1* (SEE) Skill	Linux Server Administration – Practical	1	3
USCS5032	Enhancement Elective 1* Practical (SEEP)	Software Testing & Quality Assurance	3	3
USCSP5032	Skill	Software Testing & Quality Assurance – Practical	1	3
USCS5041	Skill Enhancement	Cyber Forensics	3	3
USCSP5041	Elective 1* Practical (SEEP) Skill	Cyber Forensics – Practical	1	3
USCS5042	Enhancement Elective 2* (SEE)	Game Programming	3	3
USCSP5042	Skill Enhancement Elective 2*	Game Programming – Practical	1	3
USCS5051 U	50960621 (SECSP)509	Project	2	3
* One course selected by th	Skill Enhancement Each from Skill Enh Lestudent. ** One cou Skill	Management ancement Elective 1 and Skill Enhan r ஷ்ண்ண eric Elective should be se	2 cement El lecte 2 by t	3 ective 2 should b he stude a t

Enhancement Research Project Elective 2*

Practical (SEEP) Work – I

Generic Elective**

Generic Elective**

Project

Page **5** of **65**

T.Y.B.Sc. Computer Science Syllabus

Choice Based Credit System (CBCS)

with effect from

Academic year 2023-2024

		Semester – VI		
Course Code	Course Type	Course Title	Credits	Lectures/Week
USCS601	Core Subject	Data Science	3	3
USCSP601	Core Subject Practical Core	Data Science – Practical	1	3
USCS602	Subject Core	Cloud Computing and Web Services	3	3
USCSP602	Subject Practical	Cloud Computing and Web Services – Practical	1	3
USCS6031	Skill Enhancement	Wireless and Sensor Networks	3	3
USCSP6031	Elective 1* (SEE) Skill	Wireless and Sensor Networks – Practical	1	3
USCS6032	Enhancement Elective 1* Practical (SEEP)	Information Retrieval	3	3
USCSP6032	Skill Enhancement Elective 1* (SEE)	Information Retrieval – Practical	1	3
USCS6041	Skill Enhancement	Data Mining & Warehousing	3	3
USCSP6041	Elective 1* Practical (SEEP) Skill	Data Mining & Warehousing – Practical	1	3
USCS6042	Enhancement Elective 2* (SEE)	Ethical Hacking	3	3
USCSP6042	Skill Enhancement Elective 2*	Ethical Hacking – Practical	1	3
USCS6051	Practical (SEEP)	Customer Relationship Managemen	2	3
USCS6052	Skill Enhancement	Cyber Laws and IPR	2	3
USCSP605	Elective 2* (SEE) Skill Enhancement	Project Work – II	2	3

Enhancement

Tone course from Ciented Exective should be selected by the student

Generic Elective**

Project

Elective 2*
* One course each from Skill Enhancement Elective 1 and Skill Enhancement Elective 2 should be selected by the student.

Semester V

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS501	Artificial Intelligence	2	3

About the Course: This course provides an introduction to the field of Artificial Intelligence (AI) and explores various topics related to intelligent agents, problem-solving, knowledge representation, reasoning, machine learning, and probabilistic models. The course covers both theoretical concepts and practical applications of AI techniques. Students will gain a solid foundation in AI and develop the skills to design and implement intelligent systems.

Course Obj	iectives:
------------	-----------

Understand the foundations, history	y, and state of the art of AI.
-------------------------------------	--------------------------------

- ☐ Learn about intelligent agents, their environments, and the structure of agents.
- ☐ Explore different problem-solving strategies, including uninformed and informed search techniques.
- ☐ Gain knowledge of knowledge representation and reasoning methods, and apply them to solve complex problems.
- Develop an understanding of machine learning techniques, including classification, regression, and ensemble learning.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- □ Demonstrate knowledge of the foundations and key concepts in the field of AI.
- \square Analyze and design intelligent agents for specific environments.
- ☐ Apply problem-solving techniques and algorithms to find solutions to different types of problems.
- Construct knowledge representation models and use reasoning techniques to derive new knowledge.
- ☐ Implement machine-learning algorithms and evaluate their performance for classification and regression tasks.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction to AI and Intelligent Agents	
	What Is AI: Foundations, History and State of the Art of AI	
I	Intelligent Agents: Agents and Environments, Nature of Environments	^{§,} 15
	Structure of Agents.	
	Problem Solving by searching: Problem-Solving Agents, Uninformed	
	Search Strategies, Informed (Heuristic) Search Strategies	
Shon Duyonoso	Knowledge Representation, Reasoning, and Machine Learning	
Asite (II	Knowledge Representation and Reasoning: Knowledge Representation and different forms, Reasoning, Planning, Uncertainty in Knowledge Fu	

	Logic & Fuzzification Machine Learning: Forms of Learning, Parametric			
	& Non-Parametric			
	Models, Classification, Regression, Regularization, Decision Trees, SVM,			
	Artificial Neural Networks, Ensemble Learning, Boosting, K-NN,			
	Gradient			
	Descent			
	Probabilistic Models, Unsupervised Learning, and Reinforcement			
	Learning			
	Probabilistic models: Statistical Learning, Learning with Complete			
III	15			
	Data,			
	Naive Bayes Classifier, Learning with Hidden Variables: The EM Algorithm			
	Unsupervised Learning: Concept of Unsupervised learning,,			

Textbook(s):

Association

1. Artificial Intelligence: A Modern Approach, Stuart Russell and Peter Norvig, 3rd Edition, Rule Mining
Pearson, 2010.
Reinforcement learning: Concept of Reinforcement learning, Q-Additional Reference(s):

- 1. Artificial Intelligence: Foundations of Computational Agents, David L Poole, Alan K. Mackworth, 2nd Edition, Cambridge University Press ,2017.

 2. Artificial Intelligence, Kevin Knight and Elaine Rich, 3rd Edition, 2017 3) The Elements of
 - Statistical Learning, Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani and Jerome Friedman, Springer, 2013



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP501	Artificial Intelligence – Practical	1	3
1	Breadth First Search & Iterative Depth First Search Implement the Breadth First Search algorithm to so Implement the Iterative Depth First Search algorithm problem. Compare the performance and efficiency of both algorithms.	m to solve	•
2	A* Search and Recursive Best-First Search Implement the A* Search algorithm for solving a path Implement the Recursive Best-First Search algorith Compare the performance and effectiveness of both	m for the s	ame proble
3	Decision Tree Learning ☐ Implement the Decision Tree Learning algorithm to given dataset. ☐ Evaluate the accuracy and effectiveness of the decision Visualize and interpret the generated decision tree.		
4	Feed Forward Backpropagation Neural Network Implement the Feed Forward Backpropagation algonetwork. Use a given dataset to train the neural network for a Evaluate the performance of the trained network on	specific ta	
5	Support Vector Machines (SVM) Implement the SVM algorithm for binary classification Train an SVM model using a given dataset and optime Evaluate the performance of the SVM model on test results.	nize its para	
6	Adaboost Ensemble Learning Implement the Adaboost algorithm to create an ensemble model on a given dataset and exemple Compare the results with individual weak classifiers	aluate its p	
7	Naive Bayes' Classifier Implement the Naive Bayes' algorithm for classifica Train a Naive Bayes' model using a given dataset an probabilities. Evaluate the accuracy of the model on test data and	d calculate	
Anyano sodh	K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN) Implement the K-NN algorithm for classification or a Apply the K-NN algorithm to a given dataset and pretest data. Evaluate the accuracy or error of the predictions and	edict the cla	ass or value

9	Association Rule Mining Implement the Association Rule Mining algorithm (e.g., Apriori) to find frequent itemsets. Generate association rules from the frequent itemsets and calculate their support and confidence. Interpret and analyze the discovered association rules.
10	Demo of OpenAI/TensorFlow Tools □ Explore and experiment with OpenAI or TensorFlow tools and libraries. □ Perform a demonstration or mini-project showcasing the capabilities of the tools. □ Discuss and present the findings and potential applications.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week		
USCS502	Information & Network Security	2	3		
		L			
About the C	ourse: This course provides an in-depth understanding	of the pr	nciples and		
techniques used in comp	uter and network security. Students will explore various secu	rity topics,	including		
encryption te	chniques, public-key cryptography, key management, mo	essage au	thentication,		
digital					
	uthentication protocols, network security, web security				
software, and Famili	I firewall design principles. Through theoretical learning a arize students with the fundamental principles, models, and r	nd practica mechanism	al exercises, is of compute		
studentsetwo		مامرمات احسام			
System sale	theanegeseany phonomical actual, skills at a gayal was trices is a pure of the property of the	₩w. B	y lol ogeogywy,ea		
Protect agams ☐ Exami	ne different authentication and key management methods to	ensure se	cure		
	unication and protect against unauthorized access.				
	stand the concepts and techniques of message authenticatio	n, digital si	gnatures, and		
	ntication protocols used in secure communication systems. igate network security measures, including IP security, web s	ecurity in	trusion detect		
-	ous software detection, and firewall design principles.	ccarry, m			
Learning Out	comes:				
_	ful completion of this course, students would be able to:				
☐ Analyz	e and evaluate security trends, attacks, and mechanisms, an	d propose	effective secu		
	ons based on the OSI security architecture.				
	classical encryption techniques, such as substitution and trar	nsposition	ciphers, to en		
	ecrypt messages and analyze their security implications.	domonstr	ata tha ability		
Imple	ment public-key cryptography algorithms, including RSA, and ely exchange keys and establish secure communication chanr		ate the ability		
	and implement secure authentication mechanisms, includin		authentication		
•	and digital signatures, to ensure data integrity and non-repu	-			
☐ Evalua	te and implement various security measures, such as IP secu	urity, web s	security proto		
	(e.g., SSL/TLS), intrusion detection systems, and firewall configurations, to protect network				
and sy	stems from unauthorized access and attacks.				
	Taniaa		No of		
Unit	Topics		No of Lectures		
	Introduction: Security Trends, The OSI Security Architectur	e. Security	,		
	Attacks, Security Services, Security Mechanisms	_,			
	Classical Encryption Techniques: Symmetric Cipher Model	, Substitut	ion 15		
on Dayono soo					

Techniques, Transposition Techniques, Steganography, Block Cipher Ranciples, The Data Encryption Standard, The Strength of DES, AES (round details not expected), Multiple Encryption and Triple DES, Block

Rudlic-Key Cryptography RSA: Principles of Public-Key Cryptosystems, The RSA Algorithm Key Management: Public-Key Cryptosystems, Key Management, Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange Metsage:afarthentication and Hash Functions: Requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and Macs, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC Digital Signatures and Authentication: Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeas DDOS Firewalls: Firewall Design Principles, Types of Firewalls		Cipher Modes of Operation, Stream Ciphers		
Hellman Key Exchange Medsangica Mothentication and Hash Functions: Requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and Macs, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC Digital Signatures and Authentication: Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS				
Message: a Authentication and Hash Functions: Requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and Macs, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC Digital Signatures and Authentication: Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Key Management: Public-Key Cryptosystems, Key Management, Dif	ie-	
Requirements, Authentication Functions, Message Authentication Codes, Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and Macs, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC Digital Signatures and Authentication: Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Hellman Key Exchange		
Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and Macs, Secure Hash Algorithm, HMAC Digital Signatures and Authentication: Digital Signatures, Authentication Protocols, Digital Signature Standard Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Messageca Aorthentication and Hash Functions:		
Protocols, Digital Signature Standard Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeas property and Payload Provided Pro	11	Hash Functions, Security of Hash Functions and Macs, Secure Hash		
Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-Key Infrastructure Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Digital Signatures and Authentication: Digital Signatures, Authentication	tion	
Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Protocols, Digital Signature Standard		
Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME Head Security: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Authentication Applications: Kerberos, X.509 Authentication, Public-		
IReadSecurity: Overview, Architecture, Authentication Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Key Infrastructure		
Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key Management Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Electronic Mail Security: Pretty Good Privacy, S/MIME		
Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Encapsulating Security Payload, Combining Security Associations, Key		
Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS		Web Security: Web Security Considerations, Secure Socket Layer and		
Malicious Software: Viruses and Related Threats, Virus Countermeasures, DDOS	III	Transport Layer Security, Secure Electronic Transaction	15	
DDOS		Intrusion: Intruders, Intrusion Techniques, Intrusion Detection		
Firewalls: Firewall Design Principles, Types of Firewalls			ıres,	
		Firewalls: Firewall Design Principles, Types of Firewalls		

Textbook(s):

1. Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice 7th edition, William Stallings, Pearson

Additional Reference(s):

- 1. Cryptography and Network, 2nd edition, Behrouz A Fourouzan, Debdeep Mukhopadhyay, TMH.
- 2. Atul Kahate, "Cryptography and Network Security", Tata McGraw-Hill.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP502	Information & Network Security – Practical	1	3
1	Implementing Substitution and Transposition Ciphers: Design and implement algorithms to encrypt and decrypt m substitution and transposition techniques.	essages us	sing classical
	RSA Encryption and Decryption:		
2	Implement the RSA algorithm for public-key encryption and properties and security considerations.	l decryptio	n, and explo
3	Message Authentication Codes: Implement algorithms to generate and verify message auth ensuring data integrity and authenticity.	entication	codes (MACs
4	Digital Signatures: Implement digital signature algorithms such as RSA-based integrity and authenticity of digitally signed messages.	signatures	, and verify t
5	Key Exchange using Diffie-Hellman: Implement the Diffie-Hellman key exchange algorithm to se between two entities over an insecure network.	ecurely exc	change keys
6	IP Security (IPsec) Configuration: Configure IPsec on network devices to provide secure comragainst unauthorized access and attacks.	nunication	and protect
7	Web Security with SSL/TLS: Configure and implement secure web communication using including certificate management and secure session estab		protocols,
8	Intrusion Detection System: Set up and configure an intrusion detection system (IDS) to detect potential security breaches or malicious activities.	monitor ne	etwork traffic
9	Malware Analysis and Detection: Analyze and identify malware samples using antivirus tools, develop countermeasures to mitigate their impact.	analyze th	neir behavior
10	Firewall Configuration and Rule-based Filtering: Configure and test firewall rules to control network traffic, fi specified criteria, and protect network resources from unau		



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS5031	Linux Server Administration	2	3
administratio		•	
	learn the technical aspects of various Linux distributions, s		
group admini	stration, file systems, core system services, networking, so	ecurity, ar	nd advance
SMTP,	e practical skills in managing users, groups, and file systems in purse Objectives: Now to configure and secure network services such as DNS, F POP, IMAP, and SSH. Nowledge of advanced network administration topics including		
	DHCP, MySQL, LAMP applications, file services, email servi	•	
Learning Out			
After successi	ul completion of this course, students would be able to	ta a stara to the	
After successf	ul completion of this course, students would be able to strate proficiency in managing software packages and reposi		
After successf Demor	ul completion of this course, students would be able to strate proficiency in managing software packages and reposi are and administer user accounts, groups, and permissions in	n a Linux sy	/stem.
After successf Demor Config Impler	ul completion of this course, students would be able to strate proficiency in managing software packages and reposi ure and administer user accounts, groups, and permissions in nent network services such as DNS, FTP, and web servers, er	n a Linux sy	/stem.
After successf Demor Config Impler measu Design	ul completion of this course, students would be able to strate proficiency in managing software packages and reposi ure and administer user accounts, groups, and permissions in nent network services such as DNS, FTP, and web servers, er	n a Linux sy nsuring pro	/stem. oper security

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction: Technical Summary of Linux Distributions, Managing Software Single-Host Administration: Managing Users and Groups, Bootin	g
I	and shutting of configuring, compiling, Emux Kernel Networking and Security: TCP/IP for System Administrators, basic network Configuration, Linux Firewall (Netfilter), System and network security Internet Services: Domain Name System (DNS), File Transfe	
The first of the f	Protocol (FTP), Apache web server, Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMPT) Office Protocol and Internet Mail Access Protocol (POP and IMAP), Secure Shell (SSH), Network authentication system (Kerberos), Domai	
*(III	Name Service (DNS), Security	15

administration.

Network File System (NFS), Samba, Distributed File Systems (DFS), Network Information Service (NIS), Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP), Dynamic Host configuration Protocol (DHCP), MySQL, LAMP Applications, File Services, Email Services, Chat applications, Virtual Private Networking.

Textbook(s):

- 1. Linux Administration: A Beginner's Guide, Wale Soyinka, Seventh Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2016
- 2. Ubuntu Server Guide, Ubuntu Documentation Team, 2016

Additional Reference(s):

1. Mastering Ubuntu Server, Jay LaCroix, PACKT Publisher, 2016



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week	
USCSP5031	Linux Server Administration – Practical	1	3	
1	Install DHCP Server in Ubuntu 16.04			
2	Initial settings: Add a User, Network Settings, Change to start if not needed, Configure Service, display the list of services and turn OFF auto-start setting for a service if you don't need	which are r	unning. Sto	
3	Configure NP Server (NTPd), Install and configure NTPd, Cor (Ubuntu and Windows)	nfigure NT	P Client	
	SSH Server : Password Authentication			
4	Configure SSH server to manage a server from the remote co (Ubuntu and Windows)	omputer, S	SSH Client :	
5	Install DNS server BIND, Configure DNS server which resolv address, Install BIND 9, Configure BIND, Limit ranges You a			
	Configure DHCP Server, Configure DHCP (Dynamic Host Con	figuration	Protocol)	
6	Server, Configure NFS server to share directories on your NF (Ubuntu and Windows Client OS)	S, Configu	re NFS Clie	
7	Configure LDDAP Server, Configure LDAP Server in order to syour local networks, Add LDAP User Accounts In the networ phpLDAPadmin to operate LDAP server via Web browser.			
8	Configure NIS Server in order to share users; accounts in your local networks, Configure NIS Client to bind NIS Server.			
0	Install MySQL to configure database server, Install phpMyA	dmin to op	erate MySQ	
9	on web browser from Clients.			
10	Install Samba to share folders or files between Windows and	d Linux		



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS5032	Software Testing & Quality Assurance	2	3

About the Course: This course provides an in-depth understanding of software testing principles, techniques, and quality assurance practices. Students will learn the concepts and methodologies required to ensure the quality and reliability of software systems. The course covers various aspects of software testing, including test case design, verification and validation, defect management, software quality assurance, and quality improvement techniques. Students will gain hands-on experience with industry-standard tools and techniques used in software testing and quality assurance.

Cource	n	h	ACT!	Moc
Course	U	v	CCU	IVES.

Understand the significance of software testing in ensuring software quality and reliabilit	у.
Familiarize with the fundamental concepts and principles of software quality assurance.	
Learn different software testing techniques and methodologies for effective test case de	sign.
Explore the role of verification and validation in software development and testing proces	sses.
Gain practical experience in using software testing tools and frameworks for automated	esting

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- ☐ Explain the importance of software testing and its impact on software quality.
- ☐ Apply appropriate software testing techniques to identify and mitigate software defects.
- ☐ Design and execute test cases to verify the functionality and performance of software systems.
- Understand the principles of verification and validation and their application in software testing.
- Utilize software testing tools and frameworks to automate testing processes and improve efficiency.

Introduction to testing Definition of the software development of the software develo	o Software Testing and Quality Assurance o Software Testing: Nature of errors and the need for Quality and Quality Assurance: Understanding quality in
testing Definition of (software deve	
software deve	Quality and Quality Assurance: Understanding quality in
Assurance (SQ Software Dev and their related	elopment Life Cycle (SDLC): Overview of SDLC phases ionship to testing, Role of testing in each phase, Software
	and their impact on testing
	nd Validation (V&V): Definition of V&V and its software development, Different types of V&V mechanisms,

	Software Testing Techniques and Strategies	
	Testing Fundamentals : Basics of software testing process, Test case design principles and techniques, Test execution, reporting, and documentation White Box Testing and Black Box Testing	; :
II	Functional/Specification based Testing as Black Box, Black box: Equivalence Partitioning, Boundary Value Analysis, Decision Table Testing, State Transition Testing. Structural Testing as White Box, White Box: Statement testing Branch testing. Experience-based: Error guessing, Exploratory testing, Checklist-based testing.	15
	Software Testing Strategies: Strategic approach to software testin	g
	Unit	
	Testing: purpose, techniques, and best practices, Integration Testing: approaches and challenges, Validation Testing: ensuring adherence t	0
	user	
	requirements, System Testing: comprehensive end-to-end testing Software Metrics: Concept of software metrics and their importance,	
	Developing and utilizing different types of metrics, Complexity metric	S
	their significance in testing Defect Management and Software Qualit	
	Assurance	
	Defect Management: Definition of defects and their lifecycle, Defect management process, including defect reporting and tracking, Metrics related to defects and their utilization for process improvement	t
III	Software Quality Assurance: Understanding quality concepts and the Quality Movement: Background issues and challenges in SQA Activities and approaches in Software Quality Assurance, Software Reviews	
	Formal Technical Reviews and their benefits, Statistical Quality Assurance and Software Reliability	I
	Statistical process control techniques for quality assurance	: :
	Software	
	reliability measurement and improvement, The ISO 9000 Qualit	У
Toythook(s)		_

- Textbook(s): and their application in software development Quality Improvement

 1. Software Engineering for Students, A Programming Approach, Douglas Bell, 4th Edition,,

 Pearson Engineer: Introduction to quality improvement
 - 2. Software This deligies of Pratilitioners Applityach, Prospective of Presenting of the top Table 10 Pratilities of the control of the contr McGrawquidity improvement tools: Pareto Diagrams, Cause-effect Diagrams,

Additional Reference(s) agrams, Run charts

- 1. Quality Management, Donna C. S. Summers, 5th Edition, Prentice-Hall.
- 2. Software Testing and Quality Assurance Theory and Practice, Kshirsagar Naik, Priyadarshi Tripathy, John Wiley & Sons, Inc., Publication.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP5032	Software Testing & Quality Assurance – Practical	1	3
1	Install Selenium IDE and create a test suite containing cases for different web page formats (e.g., HTML, XML, JS		m of 4 tes
2	Conduct a test suite for two different websites using Solvarious	elenium I	DE. Perfori
3	actions like clicking links, filling forms, and verifying content Install Selenium Server (Selenium RC) and demonstrate its		executing
4	script in Java or PHP to automate browser actions.		
5	Write a program using Selenium WebDriver to automate t	the login p	rocess on
6	specific web page. Verify successful login with appropriate assertion Write a program using Selenium WebDriver to update 10		ecords in a
7	Excel file. Perform data manipulation and verification.		
8	Write a program using Selenium WebDriver to select the nu have		
9	scored more than 60 in any one subject (or all sub analysis. Write a program using Selenium WebDriver to pro		
10	of objects present or available on a web page. Perform object identification white a program using Selenium WebDriver to get the		_

list or

combo box on a web page. Perform element identification and counting. Write a program using Selenium WebDriver to count the number of checkboxes

on a

web page including checked and unchecked counts. Perform checkbox and counting. Perform load testing on a web application using JMeter. Generate

and analyze load

scenarios. Additionally, explore bug tracking using Bugzilla as a tool for logging tracking software defects.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS5041	Cyber Forensics	2	3
	This course introduces computer forencies focusing on		

About the Course: This course introduces computer forensics, focusing on the techniques and methodologies used in investigating and analyzing digital evidence. Students will learn the fundamentals of computer investigations, data acquisition, crime scene processing, and the use

of

Objectives:
Develop skills in conducting computer investigations using a systematic approach.

- ☐ Gain proficiency in acquiring and preserving digital evidence from different storage formats.
- ☐ Explore the use of specialized tools and software for computer forensics analysis.
- Learn the techniques for investigating network-related incidents and conducting live acquisitions.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- Demonstrate a solid understanding of the principles and techniques used in computer for ensics investigations.
- Apply systematic approaches to acquire, preserve, and analyze digital evidence from various sources.
- Utilize specialized tools and software for conducting effective computer forensics analysis.
- Develop strong skills in investigating network-related incidents, including live acquisitions and network forensics.
- ☐ Generate comprehensive and well-written reports that accurately document the findings of computer forensic investigations.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction: Understanding Computer Forensics, Preparing for Computer Investigations, Maintaining Professional Conduct Computer Investigations: Preparing a Computer Investigation, Tak	
I	Systematic Approach, Procedures for Corporate High-Tech Investigate Understanding Data Recovery Workstations and Software, Conductific Investigation	_
	Data Acquisition: Storage Formats for Digital Evidence, Determining Best Acquisition Method, Contingency Planning for Image Acquisitions	
Duyonos	Processing Crime and Incident Scenes: Identifying Digital Evidence, Preparing for a Search, Securing a Computer Incident or Crime Scene, Seizing Digital Evidence at the Scene, Storing Digital Evidence Current Computer Forensics Tools: Evaluating Computer Forensics Tools, Computer Forensics Hard Tools	ool 15

	Computer Forensics Analysis and Validation: Determining What Data to Collect and Analyze, Validating Forensic Data, Addressing Data-Hiding Techniques, Performing Remote Acquisitions
	Recovering Graphics Files: Recognizing a Graphics File, Locating
	and
	Recovering Graphics Files, Identifying Unknown File Formats Network Forensics and Live Acquisitions: Network Forensics
	Overview,
III	Performing Live Acquisitions, Developing Standard Procedures for Network Forensics, Using Network Tools E-mail Investigations: Role
	of E-mail in Investigations, Investigating E-mail Crimes and Violations, Using Specialized E-mail Forensics Tools Cell Phone and Mobile Device Forensics: Overview, Acquisition Procedures for Cell Phones and Mobile Devices
	Report Writing for Investigations: Importance of Reports Guidelines

Textbook(s): Report Writing for Investigations: Importance of Reports, Guidelines

1. Bill Nelson, Amelia Philips and Christopher Steuart, "Guide to computer forensics and investigations" ஈலுமாக, technology எழுத்திர் நாய்கள்கள் மாகம் மாகம

Additional Reference(s):

1. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, "Incident Response and computer forensics", Tata McGrawHill



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP5041	Cyber Forensics – Practical	1	3
1	Creating a Forensic Image using FTK Imager/Encase Image Creating Forensic Image Check Integrity of Data Analyze Forensic Image	er:	
2	Data Acquisition: ☐ Perform data acquisition using: ☐ USB Write Blocker + Encase Imager ☐ SATA Write Blocker + Encase Imager ☐ Falcon Imaging Device		
3	Analyze the memory dump of a running computer system. Extract volatile data, such as open processes, network information.	ork connec	tions, and reg
4	Capturing and analyzing network packets using Wireshark (Fundamen	tals) :
5	Using Sysinternals tools for Network Tracking and Process I Check Sysinternals tools Monitor Live Processes Capture RAM Capture TCP/UDP packets Monitor Hard Disk Monitor Virtual Memory Monitor Cache Memory	Monitoring	:
6	Recovering and Inspecting deleted files Check for Deleted Files Recover the Deleted Files Analyzing and Inspecting the recovered files Perform this using recovery option in ENCASE and a through command line	lso Perforn	n manually
7	Steganography Detection Detect hidden information or files within digital image analysis tools. Extract and examine the hidden content.	ges using s	teganography
State (9	Mobile Device Forensics Perform a forensic analysis of a mobile device, such Retrieve call logs, text messages, and other relevant purposes. Final Forensics		•
Sumo Conney	Page 22 of 65		

	 Analyze email headers and content to trace the origin of suspicious emails. Identify potential email forgeries or tampering.
	Web Browser Forensics
10	 Analyze browser artifacts, including history files, bookmarks, and download records. Analyze cache and cookies data to reconstruct user-browsing history and
	identify visited websites or online activities. Extract the relevant log or timestamp file, analyze its contents and interpret th
	timestamp data to determine the user's last internet activity and associated details.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS5042	Game Programming	2	3

About the Course: This course provides an in-depth exploration of 3D game development and graphics, covering topics such as vectors, transformations, 3D modeling, rendering, physics-based simulation, and game engine architecture. Students will gain hands-on experience using industry-standard tools and technologies, including DirectX, Unity, and Python-Pygame. Through a combination of theoretical study, practical exercises, and project-based learning, students will develop the skills necessary to create immersive 3D games and interactive virtual worlds.

Course Objectives:

Understand the fundamentals of vectors, transformations, and 3D graphics.	
Develop proficiency in using industry-standard tools and technologies for 3D game	
development.	
Implement advanced graphics techniques, including lighting, shading, and texturing, to c	reate
visually appealing game environments.	
Apply principles of game design and create engaging and immersive gaming experiences	.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- Apply vector manipulation techniques and transformations to create and manipulate objects in 3D space.
- Utilize industry-standard tools and technologies such as Unity and DirectX for 3D game development.
- Implement advanced graphics techniques, including lighting, shading, and texturing, to dreate visually stunning game environments.
- Design and develop games that incorporate principles of game design to create engaging and immersive experiences.
- Deploy and showcase 3D games on various platforms, demonstrating proficiency in game development.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction to Vectors: Vectors: Vector Manipulation, multiplying a Wector by a Scalar, Vector Addition and Subtraction, Position Vectors Vectors, Cartesian Vectors, Vector Multiplication, Scalar Produc	
I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	Example of the Dot Product, The Dot Product in Lighting Calculations, The Dot Product in Back-Face Detection, The Vector Product, The Right-Hand Rule, deriving a Unit Normal Vector for a Triangle Areas, Calculating Point 2D Transformations, Matrices, Transformations, Change of Axes, Direction Cosines, rotating a Point about an Arbitrary Axis, Transforming Vectors, Determinants, Perspective Projection, Interpolation	15

	3D Graphics for Game Programming: 3D Transformations, Quaternions, 3D Modeling and Rendering, Ray Tracing, Shader Models, Lighting, Color, Texturing, Camera and Projections, Culling and Clipping, Character Animation, Physics-based Simulation, Scene Graphs.	
II	Game Engines and Design: Game engine architecture, Engine support systems, Resources and File systems, Game loop and real-time Human Interface devices, Collision and rigid body dynamics, Game profiling. Introduction to Dx Studio, Introduction to Unity, Application layer, Game logic, Game views, managing memory, controlling the main loop loading and caching game data, User Interface management, event management. Introduction To DirectX 11: COM, Textures and Resources Formats, The swap chain and Page flipping, Depth Buffering, Texture Resource	
	Unity Dayakop Theotofinaironmenta IDF dasios, Februario neopts, Garites,	
III	Game Loops and Functions, Game Design Strategies. Platform and Development: 2D and 3D Game development using Simple Movement. Operations and Object Oriented Concepts: Simple Python-Pygame, ModernGL, Numpy, PyGLM, Ursina (OpenGL) Rotation and Scaling, Rigidbody Components, Unity Colliders, Physics Materials, Scripting Collision Events, Primitive Data and Math, Decisions and Flow Control, Loops and Arrays, Game Design Strategies, Exceptions and Debugging, Defining Classes, Functions, Organizing and Managing Game Objects,	
	Advanced Programming: Virtual Worlds, Scrolling Games, Animation,	
	Sound Effects, Advanced Game Physics, Multiple Scenes, Artificial Intelligence, User Interfaces, Game Art, Publishing Games.	

Textbook(s):

- 1. Mathematics for Computer Graphics, John Vince, Springer-Verlag London, 5th Edition, 2017
- 2. Mathematics for 3D Game Programming and Computer Graphic, Eric Lengyel, Delmar
- 3. Introduction To 3D Game Programming With Directx® 11,Frank D Luna, Mercury Learning And Information, 2012.

Additional Reference(s):

- 1. Computer Graphics, C Version, Donald Hern and Pauline Baker, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 1997
- 2. HLSL Development Cookbook, Doron Feinstein, PACKT Publishing, 2013
- 3. https://docs.unity3d.com/Manual/index.html



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP5042	Game Programming – Practical	1	3
1	Setup DirectX 11, Window Framework and Initialize Direct3 models into DirectX 11 and rendering	D Device, l	oading
2	Learn Basic Game Designing Techniques with pygame.		
3	Develop Snake Game using pygame		
4	Create 2D Target Shooting Game		
5	Creating 2D Infinite Scrolling Background		
6	Create Camera Shake Effect in Unity		
7	Design and Animate Game Character in Unity		
8	Create Snowfall Particle effect in Unity		
9	Develop Android Game with Unity		
10	Create Intelligent enemies in Unity		



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS5051	Project Managament	2	3

About the Course: The Project Management course emphasizes on the importance of effective project management in the field. Students will gain a solid understanding of project management principles, processes, and knowledge areas while exploring their application in computer science projects. The course covers key topics such as project selection and initiation, scope management, time management, cost management, quality management, human resource management, risk management, procurement management, integration management, and advanced topics relevant to the digital age. Through a combination of theory and practical exercises, students will develop the skills necessary to successfully plan, execute, and control projects in the dynamic and rapidly evolving field of Computer Science.

' '	e Objectives:
	Understand the fundamental concepts and characteristics of project management, including project selection, initiation, and project governance.
	Develop skills in scope management, time management, cost management, quality management, and risk management to effectively plan and control projects.
	Acquire knowledge of human resource management techniques, including team development conflict resolution, and communication management.
	Gain insight into agile project management methodologies and tools, enabling the successful management of iterative and incremental development.
	Explore advanced topics such as stakeholder management, project leadership, project governance, and the role of technology in project management.
Learni	ng Outcomes:
After s	uccessful completion of this course, students would be able to
	Apply project management principles, processes, and best practices to plan, execute, and

to establish project objectives and deliverables.	
Create project schedules, estimate resource requirements, and monitor project progress	using
appropriate project management techniques.	
Employ quality assurance and control measures to ensure project deliverables meet stake	eholder
expectations and industry standards.	
Demonstrate effective leadership and teamwork skills, as well as the ability to manage	
stakeholders, resolve conflicts, and make ethical decisions in project management settir	ıgs.

Develop project charters, define project scopes, and create work breakdown structures (WBS)

control projects effectively.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction to Project Management	
Duyonosod	Introduction to Project Management: Definition and characteristic of a project, Importance of project management, Project management processes and knowledge areas	
(4 site ()	Project Selection, Initiation and scope Management: Project	t
*(Sed Cholder identification and analysis, Scope planning and definition,	
Sign wo 1 & anal	Criteria and methods, Project initiation and charter development, Page 27 of 65	

	Work Breakdown Structure (WBS) development, Scope verification and change control	
	Project Time & Cost Management: Activity definition and	
	sequencing, Estimating activity durations and resources, Developing the project schedule, Schedule control and monitoring, Cost estimation	
	techniques, Budget development and monitoring, Earned Value Management Cost control and analysis Project Execution and Control	:
II	Project Quality & Risk Management: Quality planning and standards, Quality assurance and control, Process improvement and Six Sigma concept, Risk Management-Risk identification and assessment, Risk response planning, Risk monitoring and control	15
	Project Resource & Procurement Management: Team development and roles, Staffing, training, and motivation, Conflict resolution and communication management, Procurement planning and contract	
	types, Solicitation, source selection, and contract administration, Vendor management and relationship building	
	Project Integration Management: Project integration processes and activities, Change management and project closure, Lessons learned and	ı
III	knowledge transfer	15
	Advanced Topics in Project Management Agile Project & Management in the Digital Age: Agile principles and methodologies, Agile project planning and execution, Managing	
	iterative and incremental development, Role of technology in project management,	:
Textbook(s):	Virtual teams and distributed project management, Tools and software for	
1. Project	Mpanojagatro leartriong Bauraina salsaboud a Tiecon no logy, 3rd edition, Pearson Educatio	on. John M.
2. Informa	a Effective People Management in Projects: Leadership styles and attion Technology Project Management by Jack Te Marchewke, 4th Wiley is the least of the Marchewke of the Wiley of the Marchewke of the Marchewk	India 2013. Edition 6th
⊏ al:±: a :	Drainet Management Institute 2017	
1. Introduction	n, Project Management Institute, 2017 analysis, I ferencels: I ferencels: Iferencels: Iferencels: Iferencels: Project Management by Adolfo Villafjorita, 2016, CRC, and negotiation skills Project Governance and Ethics: Project	press, e boo
2 Projec	governance structures and takanaganjant Professional Werkanok, Claudia McBacaa Pattinent ation song	
Project 2009.	Reponsibility and codes Mantel, 5. R. Meredith and etal., 1st edition,	Wiley India

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS5052	Operations Research	2	3

About the Course: This course introduces Operations Research (OR) and its application in decision-making. It covers the fundamental concepts, techniques, and methodologies used in OR, with a focus on linear programming and duality. Students will learn how to formulate and solve optimization problems, analyze sensitivity in linear programming, and explore advanced topics such as goal programming, transportation problems, and assignment problems. The course also introduces computer software commonly used in OR for problem solving.

commonly used in OR for problem solving.	
Course Objectives:	
 To understand the fundamental principles and approaches of Operations Research. To develop skills in formulating and solving linear programming problems. To analyze the duality in linear programming and its managerial significance. To apply sensitivity analysis techniques to assess the impact of changes in linear programming models. To explore advanced topics in Operations Research, including goal programming, transportation problems, and assignment problems. 	ing
Learning Outcomes:	
After successful completion of this course, students would be able to	
☐ Define and explain the key concepts and features of Operations Research.	
☐ Formulate and solve linear programming models using appropriate techniques.	

Apply duality concepts to analyze and interpret the results of linear programming problems.
 Conduct sensitivity analysis to assess the robustness and flexibility of linear programming

☐ Apply advanced techniques such as goal programming, transportation problems, and

assignment problems to real-world decision-making scenarios.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction to Operations Research(OR)	
	Exploring Operations Research – A Quantitative Approach to Decision- Making, Definitions, Features, OR Approach to Problem Solving, Models and Modelling in Operations Research, Advantages of Model Building and Operations Research Study, Applications of Operations Research, Computer Software for Operations Research	n of
I	Linear Programming and Duality: Linear Programming: Applications and Model Formulation, Structure of Linear Programming Model Structure of an LP Model, Assumptions of an LP Model, Advantage	l, 15
atten Dayanos	& imitations Linear Programming, Application Areas, General Model of Linear Programming Problem, Examples of LP Model Formulation	al

Graphical Solution Methods of LP Broblems, The Simplex Method: Introduction, Standard form of an LP Problem, Simplex Algorithm

	(Maximization Case), Simplex Algorithm (Minimization Case), Two-Phase Method, Big-M Method
	Linear Programming
п	Duality in Linear Programming: Introduction, Formulation of Dual Linear Programming Problem, Symmetrical Form, Economic Interpretation of Dual Variables, Economic Interpretation of Dual Constraints, Rules for Constructing the Dual from Primal, Standard Results on Duality, Principle of Complementary Slackness, Managerial Significance of Duality Sensitivity Analysis in Linear Programming: Introduction, Sensitivity Analysis
	Integer Linear Programming: Introduction, Types of
	Programming Problems, Enumeration and Cutting Plane Solution Concept, Branch and Bound Method, Applications of Zero-One Integer Programming
	Advanced Topics in Operations Research
***	Goal Programming: Introduction, Difference Between LP and GP Approach, Concept of Goal Programming, Distinction among Objectives, Goals and Constraints, Goal Programming Model Formulation Transportation Problem: Introduction, Mathematical Model
III	Transportation Problem, General Mathematical Model of Transportation Problem, The Transportation Algorithm, Methods for Finding Initial Solution
	Assignment Problem: Introduction, Mathematical Models of Assignment
	Problem, Solution Methods of Assignment Problem, Hungarian Method for Solving Assignment Problem
1	

Textbook(s):

- 1. Operations Research: Theory and Applications, J K Sharma, Trinity Press, 6th Edition, 2017
- 2. Introduction to Operations Research, Frederick S. Hillier, Gerald J. Lieberman, McGraw Hill Education; 11th edition, 2021

Additional Reference(s):

- 1. Oeprations Research, P K Gupta, S. Chand Publications, 7th Edition, 2018
- 2. Operations Research, P. Rama Murthy, New Age Publication, 2nd Edition
- 3. Operations Research: An Introduction, 10th Edition, Hamdy A. Taha, Pearson Education, 2019
- 4. Operations Research (Schaums Outline Series), Richard Bronson and Govindasami Naadimuthu, McGraw Hill Education, 2nd Edition, 2017



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP505	Project Work – I	2	3
	Refer to the Project Guidelines at the end		



Semester VI

Mante & Comm

	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
JSCS601	Data Science	2	3
bout the Co	urse: This course introduces the field of Data Science, cov	ering the fund	damental
tudents will l erformance, ata manager	nniques, and tools used for data analysis, machine learning learn how to preprocess and analyze data, build predictive and effectively communicate insights through visualization ment principles and practices. Practical hands-on exercise ies and technologies are included to reinforce the conceptatives:	e models, eval ns. The cours es and project	luate mode e also explo
□ Under	stand the foundations and scope of Data Science, includir	g its applicati	ons and
□ Develo	arison to related fields like Business Intelligence and Artifion skills in data preprocessing, including cleaning, transforce ensure data quality and suitability for analysis.	_	
☐ Gain k classif	nowledge of machine learning algorithms and techniques ication, clustering, and ensemble learning, to build predic decisions.	_	
	how to evaluate and select models using appropriate eval	uation metric	s and cross
□ Develo	tion techniques to ensure reliable and robust model perfo op proficiency in data visualization techniques and tools to ts and tell compelling stories using data.		ommunicato
Learning Out	comes:		
	ful completion of this course, students would be able to		
	data preprocessing techniques to clean and transform rav Itliers, and merge datasets.	v data, handle	e missing va
	ment machine-learning algorithms to perform tasks such	as regression,	classificati
_	ring, and ensemble learning. Ite and compare different machine learning models using	annronriato o	valuation =
	oss-validation techniques.	appi opiiate e	vatuatiOII II
	informative and visually appealing data visualizations to	communicate	insights an
☐ Under	ns in data. stand the principles and practices of data management, ir assurance, and data privacy considerations.	ncluding data	governance
quanty	assurance, and data privacy considerations.		
Unit	Topics		No of Lectures
	Introduction to Data Science and Data Preprocessing		

Business Intelligence (BI), Artificial Intelligence (AI), Machine

Applications and domains of Data Science, Comparison with other

	Learning (ML), and Data Warehousing/Data Mining (DW-DM) Data
	Types and Sources: Different types of data: structured, unstructured, semi-structured, Data sources: databases, files, APIs, web scraping, sensors,
	social media Data Preprocessing: Data cleaning: handling missing
	values, outliers, dnptidatgs, Data transformation: scaling, normalization, categorical variables, Feature selection: selecting relevant features/columns, Data merging: combining multiple datasets
	Data Wrangling and Feature Engineering: Data wrangling techniques:
	reshaping, pivoting, aggregating, Feature engineering: creating new features, handling time-series data Dummification: converting categorical
	variables into binary indicators, Feature scaling: standardization, normalization Tools and Libraries : Introduction to popular libraries
	and technologies used in Data Science like Pandas, NumPy, Sci-kit Learn, etc.
	Data Analysis and Machine Learning
	Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA): Data visualization techniques:
	histograms, scatter plots, box plots, etc., Descriptive statistics: mean, median, mode, standard deviation, etc., Hypothesis testing: t-tests, chi- square tests, ANOVA, etc.
	Introduction to Machine Learning: Supervised learning: classification
	and regression, Unsupervised learning: clustering and dimensionality reduction, Bias-variance tradeoff, underfitting, and overfitting
II	Regression Analysis: Simple linear regression, Multiple linear 15
	regression,
	Stepwise regression, Logistic regression for classification Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN),
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization
III	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area
III	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area Under the Curve (AUC), Evaluating models for imbalanced datasets
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area Under the Curve (AUC), Evaluating models for imbalanced datasets Data Visualization and Communication: Principles of effective data
III	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area Under the Curve (AUC), Evaluating models for imbalanced datasets Data Visualization and Communication: Principles of effective data visualization, Types of visualizations: bar charts, line charts, scatter
	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area Under the Curve (AUC), Evaluating models for imbalanced datasets Data Visualization and Communication: Principles of effective data visualization, Types of visualizations: bar charts, line charts, scatter etc. Visualization tools: matplotlib, seaborn, Tableau, etc. Data communicating insights through visualizations
Assistant Dulyong sodily	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area Under the Curve (AUC), Evaluating models for imbalanced datasets Data Visualization and Communication: Principles of effective data visualization, Types of visualizations: bar charts, line charts, scatter etc. Visualization tools: matplotlib, seaborn, Tableau, etc. Data torytelling: communicating insights through visualizations Data Management: Introduction to data management activities, Data
author anyanosodh	Model Evaluation and Selection: Techniques for evaluating model performance: accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Confusion matrix ROC curve analysis, Cross-validation: k-fold cross-validation, stratified cross-validation, Hyperparameter tuning and model selection Machine Learning Algorithms: Decision Trees and Random Forests, Support Vector Machines (SVM), Artificial Neural Networks (ANN), Ensemble Learning: Boosting and Bagging, K-Nearest Neighbors (K-NN), Gradient Descent for optimization Model Evaluation, Data Visualization, and Management Model Evaluation Metrics: Accuracy, precision, recall, F1-score, Area Under the Curve (AUC), Evaluating models for imbalanced datasets Data Visualization and Communication: Principles of effective data visualization, Types of visualizations: bar charts, line charts, scatter etc. Visualization tools: matplotlib, seaborn, Tableau, etc. Data communicating insights through visualizations

considerations

Textbook(s):

- 1. Data Science from Scratch First Principles with Python- Joel Grus O'reilly, 2nd Edition
- 2. Advancing into Analytics From Excel to Python and R, George Mount, Oreilly, First Edition
- 3. Introduction to Machine Learning with Python, Andreas C. Muller, Sarah Guido, Oreilly, First Edition

Additional Reference(s):

- 1. Doing Data Science, Rachel Schutt and Cathy O'Neil, O'Reilly,2013
- 2. Mastering Machine Learning with R, Cory Lesmeister, PACKT Publication, 2015
- 3. Hands-On Programming with R, Garrett Grolemund,1st Edition, 2014
- 4. An Introduction to Statistical Learning, James, G., Witten, D., Hastie, T., Tibshirani, R., Springer, 2015



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP601	Data Science – Practical	1	3
1	Introduction to Excel ☐ Perform conditional formatting on a dataset using value. ☐ Create a pivot table to analyze and summarize data. ☐ Use VLOOKUP function to retrieve information from a table. ☐ Perform what-if analysis using Goal Seek to determine output.	a different	worksheet o
2	 □ Read data from CSV and JSON files into a data frame □ Perform basic data pre-processing tasks such as har outliers. □ Manipulate and transform data using functions like figrouping. 	ndling miss	
3	Feature Scaling and Dummification Apply feature-scaling techniques like standardization numerical features. Perform feature dummification to convert categorical representations.		
4	Hypothesis Testing Formulate null and alternative hypotheses for a given Conduct a hypothesis test using appropriate statistic square test). Interpret the results and draw conclusions based on	al tests (e	.g., t-test, chi
5	ANOVA (Analysis of Variance) □ Perform one-way ANOVA to compare means across □ Conduct post-hoc tests to identify significant differen		- I
6	Regression and Its Types Implement simple linear regression using a dataset. Explore and interpret the regression model coefficient measures. Extend the analysis to multiple linear regression and additional predictors.	_	
7 Dayono sodil	Logistic Regression and Decision Tree Build a logistic regression model to predict a binary of Evaluate the model's performance using classification precision, recall). Construct a decision tree model and interpret the declassification.	n metrics	_

8	 K-Means Clustering Apply the K-Means algorithm to group similar data points into clusters. Determine the optimal number of clusters using elbow method or silhouette analysis. Visualize the clustering results and analyze the cluster characteristics.
9	Principal Component Analysis (PCA) Perform PCA on a dataset to reduce dimensionality. Evaluate the explained variance and select the appropriate number of principal components. Uisualize the data in the reduced-dimensional space.
10	Data Visualization and Storytelling ☐ Create meaningful visualizations using data visualization tools ☐ Combine multiple visualizations to tell a compelling data story. ☐ Present the findings and insights in a clear and concise manner.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS602	Cloud Computing and Web Services	2	3

About the Course: The course "Cloud Computing and Web Services" provides an in-depth understanding of cloud computing fundamentals and web service technologies. Students will learn about different types of clouds, cloud deployment models, and cloud platforms. They will also explore key concepts of virtualization, security in cloud computing, and popular cloud computing platforms such as OpenStack and AWS. Through practical exercises and hands-on projects, students will gain the skills required to design, deploy, and manage cloud-based applications and services.

Course Objectives:

Ш	Understand the basics of cloud computing, including types of clouds, deployment models	s, and
	essential characteristics of cloud platforms.	
	Explore web services technologies such as SOAP and REST and understand their role in	
	distributed computing and parallel computing.	

- ☐ Gain proficiency in utilizing virtualization technologies, including creating virtual machines and managing virtualized environments using tools like KVM and oVirt.
- ☐ Explore and utilize popular cloud computing platforms such as OpenStack and AWS to architect, deploy, and manage cloud-based applications and services.
- Learn about cloud security fundamentals, including confidentiality, integrity, availability, and secure development practices.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- □ Demonstrate a comprehensive understanding of cloud computing concepts, including different types of clouds and their characteristics.
- ☐ Implement and utilize web service technologies, such as SOAP and REST, to develop distributed and parallel computing applications.
- Design, deploy, and manage cloud-based applications and services using popular cloud computing platforms such as OpenStack and AWS.
- Apply secure development practices and implement cloud security policies to ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of cloud software solutions.
- Utilize virtualization technologies to create and manage virtualized environments, considering the benefits and drawbacks of virtualization.

Unit	Topics	
	Cloud Computing Basics	
I Dayong sod	(JAX-RS)	T- 15
, (Virtulization:- Characteristics of Virtualized Environments Pros and	

	Cons of Virtualization. Virtualization using KVM, Creating virtual machines, oVirt - management tool for virtualization environment.	
	Introduction to Cloud Computing:	
	Definition, Types of Clouds, Deployment of software solutions and vapplications, Types of Cloud Platforms, Essential characteristics – Ondemand self-service, Broad network access, Location independent respooling, Rapid elasticity, Measured service, Comparing cloud provide with traditional IT service providers	source ders
II	Cloud Computing Software Security fundamentals: Cloud Informations Security Objectives, Confidentiality, Integrity, Availability, Cloud Security Services, Relevant Cloud Security Design Principles, Secure Cloud Software Requirements, Secure Development practices, Approaches to Cloud Software Requirement Engineering, Cloud Security Policy Implementation. Cloud Applications	ity
	CloudSim: Introduction to Simulator, understanding CloudSim simulator	ator,
	CloudSim Architecture(User code, CloudSim, GridSim, SimJava) Understanding Working platform for CloudSim,	
	OpenStack: Introduction to OpenStack, OpenStack test-drive, Basic	
III	OpenStack operations, OpenStack CLI and APIs, Tenant model operat Quotas, Private cloud building blocks, Controller deployment, Networ deployment, Block Storage deployment, Compute deployment, depl and utilizing OpenStack in production environments, Building a production environment, Application orchestration using OpenStack Heat	king oying
	AWS: Architecting on AWS, Building complex solutions with Amazon	
	Virtual Private Cloud (Amazon VPC)	
1		

Textbook(s):

- 1. Java Web Services Up and Running 2nd edition, Martin Kalin, O'Reilly (2013)
- 2. Pro Power Shell for Amazon Web Services, Brian Beach, Apress, 2014
- 3. Enterprise Cloud Computing Technology, Architecture, Applications, Gautam Shroff, Cambridge University Press, 2010
- 4. Mastering Cloud Computing, Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S Thamarai Selvi, Tata McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2013
- 5. OpenStack in Action, V. K. CODY BUMGARDNER, Manning Publications Co, 2016

- 1. OpenStack Essentials, Dan Radez, PACKT Publishing, 2015 2
- 2. OpenStack Operations Guide, Tom Fifield, Diane Fleming, Anne Gentle, Lorin Hochstein, Jonathan Proulx, Everett Toews, and Joe Topjian, O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2014
- 3. https://www.openstack.org



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week	
USCSP602	Cloud Computing and Web Services – Practical	1	3	
1	Define a simple services like Converting Rs into Dollar and Call it from different platform like JAVA and .NET			
2	Create a Simple SOAP service.			
3	Create a Simple REST Service.			
4	Develop application to consume Google's search / Google's Map RESTful Web service.			
5	Installation and Configuration of virtualization using KVM.			
6	Develop application to download image/video from image/video	server c	r upload	
7	to server using MTOM techniques Implement FOSS-Cloud Functionality VSI (Virtual Server Inf	rastructur	e)	
8	Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS), Storage Implement FOSS-Cloud Functionality - VSI Platform as a Se	rvice (Paas	S).	
9	Using AWS Flow Framework develop application that includes a simple workflow. Workflow calls an activity to print hello world to the console. It must define the basic			
10	usage of AWS Flow Framework, including defining contracts activities and workflow coordination logic and worker progra			

Implementation of Openstack with user and private network creation.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS6031	Wireless Sensor Networks	2	3

About the Course: This course provides a comprehensive understanding of Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs) and their applications. It covers the fundamental concepts, architectural elements, advantages, and challenges of WSNs. Students will explore sensor node technology, network architecture, optimization goals, and design principles for WSNs. The course also delves into wireless transmission, telecommunication systems, and introduces the concepts of WSN operating systems and ad-hoc networks. Through practical examples and case studies, students will gain hands-on experience in medium access control protocols, routing strategies, transport control protocols, and WSN middleware architecture.

Course Objectives:

- ☐ Provide students with a comprehensive understanding of Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs), including their basic architectural elements, advantages, and challenges.
- ☐ Introduce students to the key technologies and protocols used in WSNs, such as medium access control (MAC) protocols, routing strategies, and transport control protocols.
- Familiarize students with wireless transmission principles and telecommunication systems relevant to WSNs, including frequency, signals, antennas, and satellite systems.
- Develop students' practical skills in designing and implementing WSN solutions by exploring WSN operating systems, ad-hoc networks, and optimization goals.

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- ☐ Understand the fundamental concepts, architectural elements, and optimization goals of Wireless Sensor Networks (WSNs) and apply this knowledge to analyze and design WSN solutions.
- Evaluate and compare different medium access control protocols and routing strategies n WSNs, and make informed decisions to ensure efficient and reliable communication.
- Demonstrate knowledge of wireless transmission technologies, such as frequency, signals, antennas, and propagation, and analyze their impact on WSN performance.
- Assess the role of telecommunication systems, satellite, broadcast systems in WSNs, and understand their applications and implications for WSN deployments.

Unit Topics		No of Lectures
	Introduction and Overview of Wireless Sensor Networks: Basic Se	nsor
I	Network Architectural Elements, Advantage and challenges, Applicat Sensor Node Technology, Sensor Taxonomy, WN Operating Environment Radio Technology, Network architecture, Optimization goals and figure merit, Design principles for WSNs, Service interfaces of WSNs, Gatev	ent, es of
nnyanasa	concepts.	
aradian Buyanoso	Wireless Sensor Network Operating Systems and Ad-hoc Networks	:
Satish	die view of Wireless Sensor Network Operating Systems, Examples o	Ī
* C	₩SN Operating Systems Ad-hoc Networks in Wireless Sensor Netwo	rks,

	Characteristics and Challenges of Ad-hoc Networks in WSNs, Energ Efficiency Considerations in Ad-hoc Networks, Security and Privacy i Ad-hoc Networks, Examples of WSN OS, Ad-hoc Network.	[-
II	Medium Access Control Protocol: Fundamentals of MAC Protocols, Sensor-MAC Case Study Routing in WSN: Routing Challenges and Design Issues in Wireless Sensor Networks, , IEEE 802.15.4 LR-WPANs Standard Case Study, Routing Strategies in Wireless Sensor Networks, Transport Control Protocol: Traditional Transport Control Protocols,	15 ol
	Transport Protocol Design Issues, WSN Middleware Architecture Wireless Transmission: Frequency for radio transmission, Signals, Antennas, Signal propagation, Multiplexing, Modulation, Sprea Cellular systems. Telecommunication, Satellite and Broadcas	
III	Systems: Satellite and Broadcast Systems: GSM: Mobile services, System architecture, Radio interface, Protocols, Localization And Calling, Handover, security, New data services; DECT: System architecture, Protocol architecture; ETRA UMTS and IMT- 2000. Satellite Systems: History, Applications, Basics: GEO, LEO, MEO; Routing, Localization, Handover.	,

Textbook(s):

- 1. Wireless Sensor Networks Technology, Protocols, and Applications ,Kazem Sohraby, Daniel Minoli and TaiebZnati, John Wiley & Sons, 2017
- 2. Protocols and Architectures for Wireless Sensor Network, Holger Kerl, Andreas Willig, John Wiley and Sons, 2015

- 1. Fundamentals of Wireless Sensor Networks, Theory and Practice, Waltenegus Dargie, Christian Poellabauer, Wiley Series on wireless Communication and Mobile Computing, 2011
- 2. Networking Wireless Sensors, Bhaskar Krishnamachari , Cambridge University Press, 2005



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP6031	Wireless Sensor Networks – Practical	1	3
1	Understanding the Sensor Node Hardware. (For Eg. Sensors Station,Graphical User Interface.)	, Nodes(Se	ensor mote
	Exploring and understanding TinyOS computational concept	s: - Events	s, Comman
2	and Task nesC model - nesC Components		
	Understanding TOSSIM for		
3	- Mote-mote radio communication - Mote-PC serial communication		
4	Create and simulate a simple adhoc network		
5	Understanding, Reading and Analyzing Routing Table of a ne	etwork.	
6	Create a basic MANET implementation simulation for Packe Trace	t animatioı	n and Packe
7	Implement a Wireless sensor network simulation.		
8	Create MAC protocol simulation implementation for wireless	s sensor N	etwork.
9	Simulate Mobile Adhoc Network with Directional Antenna		
10	Create a mobile network using Cell Tower, Central Office Se Web Server. Simulate connection between them	rver, Web l	orowser an



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS6032	Information Retrieval	2	3

About the Course: This course introduces the principles, techniques, and technologies underlying information retrieval (IR) systems. Students will explore the fundamental concepts of document indexing, storage, and retrieval, as well as advanced topics such as retrieval models, text categorization, web information retrieval, and evaluation techniques. Through a combination of theoretical study, practical exercises, and reference to industry-standard books, students will gain a solid foundation in the field of information retrieval.

Cours	e Ob	jectiv	ves:								
	_			 _						 _	

Ш	To understand the fundamental principles and components of information retrieval syste	ms
	To explore various techniques for document indexing, storage, and retrieval.	
	To analyze and compare different retrieval models and understand their strengths and	
	limitations.	
	To gain practical experience in implementing and evaluating information retrieval system	s.
	To explore advanced topics in information retrieval, such as web information retrieval an	d
	machine learning techniques.	

Learning Outcomes:

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- Explain the key components and principles of information retrieval systems.
- Apply indexing, storage, and retrieval techniques to efficiently retrieve relevant documents.
 Compare and contrast different retrieval models and select appropriate models for specific
- search scenarios.

 Develop practical skills in implementing and evaluating information retrieval systems.
- Demonstrate an understanding of advanced topics in information retrieval, including web search and machine learning techniques.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Foundations of Information Retrieval	
	Introduction to Information Retrieval (IR) systems: Definition and goals of information retrieval, Components of an IR system, Challenge and applications of IR	5
	Document Indexing, Storage, and Compression: Inverted index	
I	construction and compression techniques, Document representation a term weighting, Storage and retrieval of indexed documents,	and 15
	Retrieval Models: Boolean model: Boolean operators, query proces	sing,
on Dayanas	Vector space model: TF-IDF, cosine similarity, query-document matc Probabilistic model: Bayesian retrieval, relevance feedback	hing,
* (alish)	Spelling Correction in IR Systems : Challenges of spelling errors in queries and documents, Edit distance and string similarity measures, Techniques for spelling correction in IR systems	

	Performance Evaluation: Evaluation metrics: precision, recall, F-measure, average precision, Test collections and relevance judgments, Experimental design and significance testing	
	Advanced Topics in Information Retrieval	
	Text Categorization and Filtering: Text classification algorithms: Naive Bayes, Support Vector Machines, Feature selection and dimensionality reduction, Applications of text categorization and filtering	
	Text Clustering for Information Retrieval: Clustering techniques: K-	
	means, hierarchical clustering, Evaluation of clustering results, Clustering for query expansion and result grouping	
II	Web Information Retrieval: Web search architecture and challenges, Crawling and indexing web pages, Link analysis and PageRank algorithm	
	Learning to Rank: Algorithms and Techniques, Supervised learning for ranking: RankSVM, RankBoost, Pairwise and listwise learning to rank approaches Evaluation metrics for learning to rank	
	Link Analysis and its Role in IR Systems: Web graph representation and link analysis algorithms, HITS and PageRank algorithms, Applications of link analysis in IR systems	
	Advanced Topics in Information Retrieval	
	Crawling and Near-Duplicate Page Detection: Web page crawling techniques: breadth-first, depth-first, focused crawling, Near-duplicate page detection algorithms, Handling dynamic web content during crawling	
	Advanced Topics in IR: Text Summarization: extractive and abstractive	
	methods, Question Answering: approaches for finding precise answers, Recommender Systems: collaborative filtering, content-based filtering	
III	Cross-Lingual and Multilingual Retrieval: Challenges and techniques for cross-lingual retrieval, Machine translation for IR, Multilingual document representations and query translation, Evaluation Techniques for IR Systems	
	User-based evaluation: user studies, surveys, Test collections and benchmarking, Online evaluation methods: A/B testing, interleaving experiments	

Textbook(s):

- 1. Ricardo Baeza-Yates and Berthier Ribeiro-Neto, —Modern Information Retrieval: The Concepts and Technology behind Search, Second Edition, ACM Press Books
- 2. C. Manning, P. Raghavan, and H. Schütze, —Introduction to Information Retrieval, Cambridge University Press

- 1. Ricci, F, Rokach, L. Shapira, B. Kantor, —Recommender Systems Handbook||, First Edition|
- 2. Bruce Croft, Donald Metzler, and Trevor Strohman, Search Engines: Information Retrieval in Practice, Pearson Education.
- Stefan Buttcher, Charlie Clarke, Gordon Cormack, Information Retrieval: Implementing and Evaluating Search Engines, MIT Press.

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week	
USCSP6032	Information Retrieval – Practical	1	3	
1	Document Indexing and Retrieval Implement an inverted index construction algorithm Build a simple document retrieval system using the construction.		d index.	
2	Retrieval Models Implement the Boolean retrieval model and process Implement the vector space model with TF-IDF weig similarity.	=	cosine	
3	Spelling Correction in IR Systems Develop a spelling correction module using edit dista Integrate the spelling correction module into an information.	_		em.
4	Evaluation Metrics for IR Systems Calculate precision, recall, and F-measure for a giver Use an evaluation toolkit to measure average precision metrics.			
5	Text Categorization Implement a text classification algorithm (e.g., Naive Machines). Train the classifier on a labelled dataset and evaluate	-		ctor
6	Clustering for Information Retrieval Implement a clustering algorithm (e.g., K-means or harmonic Apply the clustering algorithm to a set of documents results.		7	
7	Web Crawling and Indexing Develop a web crawler to fetch and index web pages Handle challenges such as robots.txt, dynamic conte		awling dela	ys.
8	Link Analysis and PageRank Implement the PageRank algorithm to rank web pag Apply the PageRank algorithm to a small web graph a		1	
9	Learning to Rank Implement a learning to rank algorithm (e.g., RankS) Train the ranking model using labelled data and evaluations.			
10	Advanced Topics in Information Retrieval Implement a text summarization algorithm (e.g., extension) Build a question-answering system using techniques extraction			

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS6041	Data Mining & Warehousing	2	3

About the Course: The course covers data warehousing, data mining, association rule mining, classification and prediction, and clustering. Students will learn about OLAP and OLTP, multidimensional data models, measures, concept of hierarchy, and data warehouse architecture. They will also explore different data mining functionalities. The course covers classification methods, prediction techniques, and classifier accuracy assessment. Students will learn various clustering methods and their applications to different data types, such as time-series data, text databases, and web mining.

Course Objectives:

Ш	Understand the concept and framework of data warehousing and differentiate between 0	PLAP
	and OLTP.	
	Gain knowledge of data mining techniques and their applications in knowledge discovery	
	Acquire skills in data preprocessing, including handling missing data, cleaning, integratio	n, and
	transformation.	
	Apply association rules mining algorithms such as APRIORI and FP-Growth to discover	

Learning Outcomes:

frequent item sets.

After successful completion of this course, students would be able to

- ☐ Explain the purpose and components of a data warehouse and differentiate it from transactional databases.
- \square Perform OLAP operations on a multidimensional data model to analyze and query data.
- ☐ Implement data preprocessing techniques to address missing data and prepare the data for mining.
- Apply association rules mining algorithms to discover patterns and relationships in large datasets.

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures			
	Introduction to Data Warehouse: Introduction, Necessity, Framewo	rk of			
	the data warehouse, options, developing data warehouses, Differences between OLAP and OLTP, OLAP Operations in the Multidimensional Da Model, Back-End Tools and Utilities, Metadata Repository, Types of OLAP servers.				
I	DW Design Consideration And Dimensional Modeling: Defining Dimensional Model, Granularity of Facts, Additivity of Facts, Function dependency of the Data, Helper Tables, Implementation many-to-man relationships between fact and dimensional modeling.				
	Data Warehouse Models: Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW), Data Ma	art,			
	Virtual Data Warehouse, Hybrid Data Warehouse.				
Mon Duyanas	Pata Mining: Introduction to Data Mining, Definition, Knowledge				
Set (II	Discovery in Data (KDD), Kinds of databases, Data to be mined, Basic mining techniques, Data Mining Issues, Data Mining Metrics, Social	15			

	Implications of Data Mining, Overview of Applications of Data Mining.
	Data Preprocessing: Data Processing prerequisites, Attributes and
	Data types Statistical descriptions of data, Distance and similarity Need for Preprocessing, Handling Missing data, Data Cleaning, Data Integration Data Reduction, Data Transformation and Data
	Association Rules Mining: Problem Definition, Frequent item set
	generation, The APRIORI Principle, Support and confidence measures, Association rule generation: APRIORI algorithm, FP-Growth
III	Algorithms, Compact Representation of Frequent item Set: Maximal Frequent chosed frequen
	Clustering: Types of data, Categorization of major clustering methods, K-
	means partitioning methods, Hierarchical methods, Density-based methods, Grid-based methods, Model-based clustering methods, Outlier analysis, Mining Time-Series and Sequence Data, Mining Text Databases, Mining the World Wide Web.

Textbook(s):

- 1. Data Warehousing: Design, Development And Best Practices by Soumendra Mohanty (Author), Tata McGraw Hill Education (Publisher).
- 2. Jiawei Han, Michelin Kamber, "Data Mining-Concepts and techniques", Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Elsevier, 3nd Edition.
- 3. Alex Berson, Stephen J.Smith, "Data warehousing Data mining and OLAP", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2nd Edition.

- 1. Arum K Pujari, "Data Mining Techniques", 3rd Edition, Universities Press, 2005
- 2. PualrajPonnaiah, Wiley, "Data Warehousing Fundamentals", Student Edition, 2004.
- 3. Ralph Kimball, Wiley, "The Data warehouse Life Cycle Toolkit", Student Edition, 2006.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week				
USCSP6041	Data Mining & Warehousing – Practical	1	3				
1	Perform different operations of extraction, transformation, and loading (ETL) process on a sample dataset using PowerBI.						
2	Integrate data from multiple sources by merging and transforming datasets using Python's pandas library and data manipulation techniques. Apply feature selection techniques like variance thresholding and correlation analysis						
3	using Python's scikit-learn library to reduce dimensionality in a dataset. Discretize continuous variables and create concept hierarchies for categorical variables						
4	in a market basket dataset using Python's pandas library. Implement the Apriori algorithm in Python to mine frequent itemsets from a retail transaction dataset and extract association rules.						
5	Build a decision tree classifier using Python's scikit-learn library to predict customer churn based on historical data.						
6	Implement a Naive Bayes classifier in Python using scikit-learn to classify emails as spam or non-spam based on their content.						
7	Implement a linear regression method to make predictions based on the sample data set using Python. Implement a logistic regression method to make predictions based on the sample data						
8	set using Python. Implement K-means clustering algorithm in Python using scikit-learn to group customers based on their purchasing behavior.						
9	F-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1						
10							



Course	Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS6	042	Ethical Hacking	2	3
About	the C	ourse: This course provides an in-depth exploration o	of ethical	hacking and
penetra	ation			
•		dologies. Students will learn about hacking technology types	s, the phase	es of ethical
hacking	g, foot	printing, social engineering, system hacking, web s	erver and	application
vulnera	bilities	,		
wirelles	slengenk	itagodatne teloramoTbgy court so neveptisasitæschanelistical ladodak	ngræinde penne	dration westing
		exesiqus hackenstagachesiasigsochtesekillayequuisedsoches		
	Learn t	he different phases involved in ethical hacking and the meth		
	•	ation testing.		
		nowledge of common hacking techniques, such as footprinti	ng, scannir	ng, enumeratio
		ssion hijacking.		
		p proficiency in identifying and exploiting vulnerabilities in wations, and wireless networks.	veb servers	, web
	аррисс	Lions, and whetess hetworks.		
Learnir	_			
		ul completion of this course, students would be able to		
		ethical hacking methodologies to conduct comprehensive se ation tests.	ecurity asse	essments and
		m effective footprinting and reconnaissance techniques to gatarget systems.	ather critica	al information
	Identif	y and exploit vulnerabilities in various network and system o	component	s using
	approp	oriate tools and techniques.		
		te the security posture of web servers, web applications, and	d wireless r	networks, a <mark>nd</mark>
		mend appropriate countermeasures.		
		strate an understanding of ethical and legal considerations	in conducti	ng ethical hac
		es and adhere to professional codes of conduct.		J

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
	Introduction: Terminology, Hacking Technology Types, Ethical Hack	ing
	Phases, Hacktivism, Hacker Classes, Skills Required for an Ethical Hac Vulnerability Research, Ways to Conduct Ethical Hacking	ker,
_	Fleatporinting; Definition, Information Gathering Competitive Intelligence, DNS Enumeration, Whois and ARIN Looku Types of DNS Records, Traceroute in Footprinting, E-Mail Tracking	
1	Social Engineering: Common Types Of Attacks	15
A Samuel Culture Control of Contr	Scanning and Enumeration: Port Scanning, Network Scanning, Winerability Scanning, CEH Scanning Methodology, Ping Sweep Techniques, Nmap Command Switches, SYN, Stealth, XMAS, NULL, IPLE, FIN Scans, Anonymizers, HTTP Tunneling Techniques, IP Spoofi Techniques, SNMP Enumeration, Steps Involved in Enumeration	ng
113	Daga 40 of 65	L

	System Hacking: Password-Cracking Techniques, Types of Passwords, Keyloggers and Other Spyware Technologies, Escalating Privileges, Rootkits		
	Sniffers: Protocols Susceptible to Sniffing, Active and Passive Sniff		
	ARP Poisoning, MAC Flooding, DNS Spoofing Techniques, Sniffing Countermeasures		
II	Denial of Service: Types of DoS Attacks, Working of DoS Attacks, BOS均BOSNETs, "Smurf" Attack, "SYN" Flooding, Countermeasures	15	
	Session Hijacking: Spoofing vs. Hijacking, Types, Sequence Prediction, Steps, Prevention		
	Hacking Web Servers: Web Server Vulnerabilities, Attacks against Web)	
	Servers, Patch Management Techniques, Web Server Hardening		
	Web Application Vulnerabilities: Web Application Hacking, Web		
	Application Threats, Google Hacking, Countermeasures		
	Web-Based Password Cracking Techniques: Authentication Types,		
	Password Crackers, Countermeasures		
	SQL Injection: Steps, SQL Server Vulnerabilities, Countermeasures		
III	Buffer Overflows: Types, Stack-Based Buffer Overflows, Mutation Techniques	15	
	Wireless Hacking: WEP, WPA Authentication Mechanisms, and		
	Cracking		
	Techniques, Wireless Sniffers, Rogue Access Points, Wireless Hacking		
	Techniques, Securing Wireless Networks Penetration Testing		
T 1 1 - (-) -	Methodologies: Methodologies, Steps, Automated		

Textbook(s): Tools, Pen-Test Deliverables

1. CEH official Certfied Ethical Hacking Review Guide, Wiley India Edition

Additional Reference(s):

1. Certified Ethical Hacker: Michael Gregg, Pearson Education

2. Certified Ethical Hacker: Matt Walker, TMH.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCSP6042 Ethical Hacking - Practical		1	3
1	Google and Whois Reconnaissance ☐ Use Google search techniques to gather information organization. ☐ Utilize advanced search operators to refine search reinformation. ☐ Perform Whois lookups to retrieve domain registration details about the target's infrastructure.	esults and	access hidd
2	Password Encryption and Cracking with CrypTool and Cain and Abel Password Encryption and Decryption: o Use CrypTool to encrypt passwords using the RC4 algorithm. o Decrypt the encrypted passwords and verify the original values. Password Cracking and Wireless Network Password Decoding: o Use Cain and Abel to perform a dictionary attack on Windows account passwords. o Decode wireless network passwords using Cain and Abel's capability		
3	Linux Network Analysis and ARP Poisoning Linux Network Analysis: o Execute the ifconfig command to retrieve network interface information. o Use the ping command to test network connectivity and analyze the output. o Analyze the netstat command output to view active network connections. o Perform a traceroute to trace the route packets take to reach a target host. ARP Poisoning: o Use ARP poisoning techniques to redirect network traffic on a Windows system. o Analyze the effects of ARP poisoning on network communication and security.		
4	Port Scanning with NMap ☐ Use NMap to perform an ACK scan to determine if a por open. ☐ Perform SYN, FIN, NULL, and XMAS scans to identify characteristics. ☐ Analyze the scan results to gather information about network services.	open port	s and their
atting Envanasod	Network Traffic Capture and DoS Attack with Wireshark and Network Traffic Capture: o Use Wireshark to capture network traffic on a s interface. o Analyze the captured packets to extract relevan	pecific net	

	identify potential security issues. Denial of Service (DoS) Attack: o Use Nemesy to launch a DoS attack against a target system or network. o Observe the impact of the attack on the target's availability and performance.
6	Persistent Cross-Site Scripting Attack ☐ Set up a vulnerable web application that is susceptible to persistent XSS attacks. ☐ Craft a malicious script to exploit the XSS vulnerability and execute arbitrary code. ☐ Observe the consequences of the attack and understand the potential risks associated with XSS vulnerabilities.
7	Session Impersonation with Firefox and Tamper Data Install and configure the Tamper Data add-on in Firefox. Intercept and modify HTTP requests to impersonate a user's session. Understand the impact of session impersonation and the importance of session management.
8	SQL Injection Attack Identify a web application vulnerable to SQL injection. Craft and execute SQL injection queries to exploit the vulnerability. Extract sensitive information or manipulate the database through the SQL injection attack.
9	Creating a Keylogger with Python Unite a Python script that captures and logs keystrokes from a target system. Execute the keylogger script and observe the logged keystrokes. Understand the potential security risks associated with keyloggers and the importance of protecting against them.
10	 Exploiting with Metasploit (Kali Linux) Identify a vulnerable system and exploit it using Metasploit modules. Gain unauthorized access to the target system and execute commands or extrinformation. Understand the ethical considerations and legal implications of using Metasploit for penetration testing.



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS6051	Customer Relationship Management	2	3

About the Course: This course on Customer Relationship Management (CRM) provides an indepth understanding of the principles, strategies, and tools necessary for managing customer relationships effectively. Students will explore the various forms of CRM and its impact on business performance. Additionally, the course covers customer acquisition, retention, and the measurement of customer perceived value. Students will also gain insights into strategic and operational CRM, including customer portfolio management, marketing automation, and service automation. The course concludes with an examination of analytical CRM and the implementation of CRM strategies through real-life case studies.

studie	nation of analytical CRM and the implementation of CRM strategies through real-life case is.	
Cours	e Objectives:	
	To provide students with a comprehensive understanding of CRM concepts, theories, and models.	1
	To equip students with the knowledge and skills to manage the customer journey, includ customer acquisition and retention.	ing
	To explore the factors that contribute to customer-perceived value and the role of CRM in enhancing the customer experience.	ነ
	To familiarize students with strategic and operational CRM approaches, including custom portfolio management and marketing automation.	ier
	To introduce students to the analytical aspects of CRM, including data management, ana for strategy and tactics, and the implementation of CRM systems.	lytics
Learn	ing Outcomes:	
Afters	successful completion of this course, students would be able to	
	Students will be able to define and explain the various forms of CRM and their relevance business contexts.	to
	Students will acquire the skills to manage the customer journey effectively, including implementing customer acquisition and retention programs.	
	Students will understand the importance of customer-perceived value and its impact on customer satisfaction, loyalty, and business performance.	
	Students will be able to apply strategic and operational CRM approaches, such as custon portfolio management and marketing automation, to enhance organizational effectiveness	
	Students will develop proficiency in analytical CRM techniques, including data managemental analytics for strategy and tactics, and the successful implementation of CRM systems. The also be able to analyze and draw insights from real-life case studies and success stories to CRM.	ent, iey will

Unit	Topics	No of Lectures
Story Duyang south	Understanding Customer Relationships Introduction to CRM: Three forms of CRM, The changing face of CRM Misunderstandings about CRM, Defining CRM, CRM constituencies, Commercial contexts of CRM, Models of CRM, Understanding	^{1,} 15

	relationships, Relationship Quality, Customer life-time value, Custome satisfaction, loyalty and business performance, Relationshi management theories, Benefits of CRM	
	Managing the customer journey: customer acquisition,	
	purchasing, Prospecting, Key performance indicators of customer acquisition programs, Operational CRM tools that help customer acquisition, Customer retention, Economics and Strategies of custome retention, Key performance indicators of customer retention programs	
	Managing customer-experienced value: Understanding value, mode customer-perceived value, its sources, Customization, Value through the marketing mix, Customer Experience concepts, Service marketing, Totaquality management, relationship management, CRM's influence on Computer of the CRM software applications influence customer experience	he al
	Strategic and Operational CRM	
II	Customer portfolio management: Portfolio, customer, Basi disciplines for CPM, CPM in the business-to-business context, customer portfolio management tools, strategically significant customers, The seven core customer management strategies Marketing automation: Introduction to marketing automation Benefits, Software applications for marketing, Sales force automation	15
	Service automation: Introduction, customer service, Modeling service guality, Customer service standards, service automation, Benefits applications for service	
	Analytical CRM	
	Developing and managing customer-related databases: Corporate customer-related data, Structured and unstructured data, Developing customer-related database, Data integration, Data warehousing, Database, Data integration, Data warehousing, Database, Datab	
III	marts, Analytics for CRM strategy and tactics, Big data analytics, Analytic	s 15
	structured data, ways to generate analytical insight, Data-mining procedures, Artificial intelligence (Al), machine learning (ML) and deep learning (DL) Implementing CRM: Introduction, develop the CRI	
	strategy, build CRM project foundations, needs specification and partner selection, project implementation, performance evaluation	
Textbook(s):		
1 Cuctom	Case-studies-and-success stories related to CRM origin Francis Buttle	Stan Mal

- 1. Custome**FRE** at Minipand rays and Francis Group, 2019
- 2. Jagdish N Sheth, Parvatiyar Atul, G Shainesh, Customer Relationship Management- Emerging Concepts, Tools and Applications, 2017
- 3 Anderson Kristin , Carol Kerr, Customer Relationship Management, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2017

- 1. V. Kumar verner J., CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT, Willey India, 2008
- 2. S. Shanmugasundaram, CUSTOMER RELATIONSHIP MANAGEMENT, Prentice Hall of

India	Private Limited, New Delhi, 2008		
Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week
USCS6052	Cyber Laws and IPR	2	3
	urse: The course on Cyber Laws and IPR provides a comprehe		_
wide range o commerce, el will explore t	and regulations related to cyberspace and information tech topics, including basic concepts, internet technology, netwectronic signatures, cyber crimes, privacy, intellectual proper ne legal framework governing cyberspace and develop an uncassociated with information technology.	vork secu ty rights, a	rity, cyber and more. S
-		منام مالم من	دند ا د دد
☐ Exami	stand fundamental concepts of cyber laws and their relevance ne legal frameworks and regulations in cyber laws, including tl 00 in India.	_	•
	e key issues in cyber laws such as e-commerce, e-governance	e, and elec	ctronic reco
	nowledge of cybercrimes, enforcement mechanisms, and the	role of the	e Cyber Apı
-	e emerging issues in cyber laws, including liability of ISPs, priectional aspects.	vacy conc	erns, and
	stand intellectual property rights and online regulations, include main name disputes.	ding copyı	rights, pate
Learning Out	comes:		
	ful completion of this course, students would be able to	ir annliaat	ion in the c
⊔ Demo age.	nstrate a comprehensive understanding of cyber laws and the	ιι αμμιισαι	ion in the c
☐ Evalua	te legal frameworks and regulations governing cyber laws.		
	fy and assess key issues in cyber laws, such as e-commerce, e	e-governa	nce, and el
□ Under	s and contracts. stand cyber crimes, enforcement mechanisms, and the role of	the Cybe	r Appellate
=	e emerging issues in cyber laws, including liability of ISPs, pri	vacy conc	erns, and
☐ Recog	ctional complexities. nize intellectual property rights and online regulations, includi n name disputes.	ng copyrig	ghts, paten
Unit	Topics		No of Lectures
	Introduction to Cyber Laws and Technology: Basic Conce	epts, Inter	net
areston Dayana son	and Advantages and Disadvantages of Internet Technology Network Security	•	
Satisf	Legal Framework and Regulations: Cyber Law & Compone	nts of Cyb	er
The state of the s	Law, Cyber Law in India: An Overview of Information Tech		
Silonmo) & singi	Page 55 of 65		

	2000, Cryptography, Encryption Technique & Algorithm and Digital Signature & Electronic Signature
	Key Issues in Cyber Laws: E-Commerce, E-Governance, E-Record &
	Contract Regulator, Certifying Authority, Electronic Signature
	Cyber Crimes and Enforcement: Cyber Appellate Tribunal, Cyber
II	Crimes-Cyber Contraventions, Cyber Offences, Power of Search, E-Evidence and Computer Forensic Emerging Issues and
	Legal Considerations: ISP & Intermediary Not to be Liable in Certain Cases, Consequential Amendments in Various Conventional Laws in India, Grey Areas of Information Technology
	Act, 2000,
	Jurisdiction and Privacy: Cyber Jurisdiction, E-Consumers, Privacy of
	Online Data and Information
Ш	Intellectual Property Rights and Online Regulations: Free Speech 15
	Online or Online Freedom of Speech and Expression and Liability of Intermediary Intellectual Property Rights (IPRs), Copyrights &
	Patents: International
Teythook(s):	and Indian Scenario, Copyright Issues and Digital Medium, Patent

Textbook(s): Issues in

- 1. Cyber Laws & Information Technology (For LL.B.) Paperback 1 January 2020
- 2. Cyber La**vispliteis and Resolution.** Den and Specific Description and
- 3. Cyber Sethtitkinaad Cybaelaw Digital Maleidiain, Wilay Andig a Astehren 2020

- 1. Cyber Laws, Justice Yatindra Singh, Universal Law Publishing, Universal Publishing, 2016
- 2. Cyber laws, Dr. Gupta & Agrawal, PREMIER PUBLISHING COMPANY, 2022
- 3. Cyber Law An Exhaustive Section Wise Commentary On The Information Technology, Pavan Duggal, Universal Publishing (LexisNexis), 2nd Edition, 2017



Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Lectures /Week	
USCSP605	Project Work – II	2	3	
Refer to the Project Guidelines mentioned at the end				



Evaluation Scheme

I. Internal Evaluation for Theory Courses – 25 Marks

(i) Mid-Term Class Test – 15 Marks

- ☐ It should be conducted using any **learning management system** such as **Moodle** (Modular object-oriented dynamic learning environment)
- ☐ The test should have **15 MCQ's** which should be solved in a time duration of **30** minutes.

(ii) Assignment/ Case study/ Presentations – 10 Marks

Assignment / Case Study Report / Presentation can be uploaded on any **learning** management system.

II. External Examination for Theory Courses - 75 Marks

☐ Duration: **2.5 Hours**

☐ Theory question paper pattern:

		All questions are compuls	ory.
Question	Based on	Options	Marks
Q.1	Unit I	Any 4 out of 6	20
Q.2	Unit II	Any 4 out of 6	20
Q.3	Unit III	Any 4 out of 6	20
Q.4	Unit I, II and III	Any 5 out of 6	15

All questions shall be compulsory with internal choice within the questions.

☐ Each Question may be sub-divided into sub questions as a, b, c, d, etc. & the allocation of Marks depends on the weightage of the topic.

III. Practical Examination

☐ Each subject carries 50 Marks

40 marks + 05 marks (journal) + 05 marks (viva)

- Duration: **2 Hours** for each practical course.
- ☐ Minimum **80% practical** from each core subjects are required to be completed.
- ☐ Certified Journal is compulsory for appearing at the time of Practical Exam
- ☐ The final submission and evaluation of **journal in electronic form** using a Learning

management System / Platform can be promoted by college.

The evaluation of the project will include a viva voce, which will assess the project based on the following parameters:

□ **Documentation – 30 Marks:** The completeness, accuracy, and professionalism of the project documentation, including the project report and supporting materials, will be considered.

☐ **Quality of the Project – 15 Marks:** The overall quality of the project, including its design, implementation, and user experience, will be evaluated.

☐ Working of the Project – 20 Marks: The functionality and performance of the project will be assessed to determine how well it meets the specified requirements and objectives.

☐ **Project Presentation – 15 Marks:** The clarity, organization, and effectiveness of the project presentation will be evaluated.

□ **Viva – 20 Marks:** The viva voce session will provide an opportunity for the student to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of the project, as well as to answer questions and engage in a discussion with the evaluators.



Project Guideline *for USCSP505 and USCSP605*)

Aim:

The Project Work as part of B.Sc. Computer Science program provides students with practical experience

in applying their knowledge and skills to real-world projects, emphasizing hands-on experience in industry-standard project practices. It focuses on project development, implementation, and

deployment

using computer science principles and techniques. Students will work individually or in teams to develop, and present a substantial software project, gaining exposure to real-life project

scenarios. It also

covers project planning, requirements gathering, software design, coding, testing, debugging, docAmpelytattierdiscipalinaryjkobwhedgeementectivelywortge includity phelsterpseusingsacolinewestkittsened projects.

projects, Gain hands-on experience in the software development life cycle, encompassing requirements students will enhance their problem-solving abilities, gain proficiency in software development analysis, design, implementation, testing and deployment, methodologies, and strengthen their practical skills in computer science. **Objectives:**Familiarize with global IT industry standards, ethics, and professional practices to thrive in a professional environment.

- □ Develop teamwork and project management skills through structured collaboration, effective communication, and task delegation.
- □ Produce professional technical documentation aligning with industry practices, ensuring clarity, accuracy, and usability.
- Acquire time management, resource allocation, and personnel coordination skills for efficient project execution.

Project Types:

- a) Developing a solution for a real-life problem: In this case, the project focuses on addressing an existing requirement for a computer-based solution that has practical applications. The project should successfully implement the different stages of the system development life cycle. Examples: Secure Online Banking System, Machine Learning-based Disease Diagnosis System, Cloud-based Document Management System.
- b) **Innovative Product Development:** These projects involve exploring and developing a computer-based solution with a unique and innovative utility. Examples: Cybersecurity Monitoring and Threat Detection System, Machine Learning-powered Predictive Maintenance System for Industrial Equipment, IoT-based Smart Energy Management System.
- c) **Research-Level Project:** These projects involve conducting research and development to explore advanced technologies and solve complex problems. Examples: Deep Learning-based Image Recognition System for Medical Imaging, Cloud Computing Infrastructure Optimization for Big Data Processing, Data Science-driven Predictive Analytics for Sales Forecasting. The methodology and reporting of such projects may vary based on the project supervisor's guidance.



In the project work, students are granted complete freedom to select platforms, tools, and programming languages without any imposed restrictions. This approach encourages creativity, flexibility, and exploration of various technologies. By prioritizing open-source technologies, students can leverage a vast array of resources and community support. Commonly employed tools include IDEs, version control systems (e.g., Git), programming languages (e.g., Python, Java), databases (e.g., MySQL), and web frameworks (e.g., Django, Ruby on Rails). The evaluation process focuses on the project's content and implementation rather than the specific tools chosen, ensuring a fair assessment of the students' skills and problem-solving abilities.

Project Guide:

Assigning a project guide to each project or group is a mandatory requirement to ensure the successful completion of the project work. The guide plays a crucial role as a mentor and technical expert, providing invaluable support and guidance to students. They are expected to facilitate effective communication and teamwork, review project proposals, assign schedules, and monitor progress on a regular basis. Additionally, guides are expected to offer timely feedback, provide guidance on project planning and implementation strategies, evaluate the quality of work, and promote professionalism and ethical conduct. Their expertise and involvement are essential in helping students navigate challenges, make informed decisions, and achieve their project goals effectively.

Project Team Size: 1 – 2 members

Project Proposal: The project proposal is a mandatory document that serves as a foundation for the project. It helps students define their project idea, receive early evaluation and feedback, establish clear communication with the project guide, and take ownership of the project's successful execution. A formal proposal ensures systematic and professional project planning, fostering critical thinking, effective communication, and project management skills. The proposal provides a roadmap and increases the chances of a successful outcome. Before initiating a project, it is mandatory to submit a project proposal for approval. **The original duly approved project proposal should be attached to the final project report.** The project proposal for UG computer science projects should include the following contents:

	Title
	Introduction
ПΟ	bjectives: Clearly state the objectives of the project. What specific goals do you aim to achieve?
	Scope
	Methodology
	Tools and Technologies
	Timeline
	Resources
	Expected Outcomes
	References



No of Copies: Team Size + 1 (College / Department Copy)						
The project report should include the following						
o Title Page (Sample attached in Appendix)						
o Certificate (Sample attached in Appendix)						
o Declaration (Sample attached in Appendix)						
o Acknowledgement						
o Table of Contents						
o Original Copy of approved Project Proposal						
o Self-attested copy of Plagiarism Report from any open source tool.						
o Chapters / Sections depending upon the type of project						
o List of Tables and/or List of Figures						
o References (IEEE / Springer format)						
o Glossary						
o Appendices (Survey datasheets / Questionnaires, ect)						
Use of LaTeX for documentation purposes should be preferred.						
The text of the report should be set in 12 pt, Times New Roman font, and single-spaced.						
Chapter headings should be centered, written in 20 pt, Times New Roman font, bold, and in a						
caps.						
These guidelines ensure a standardized format for the project report, promoting clarity and readability.						

The Certified Copy of Hard Bound Project Report must adhere to the following guidelines:



SAMPLE TITLE PAGE FORMAT

A PROJECT REPORT

on

<PROJECT NAME>

Submitted by

Mr. XYZ

in partial fulfillment for the award of the degree

of

BACHELOR OF SCIENCE

in

COMPUTER SCIENCE

under the guidance of

<Guide Name>

Department of Computer Science

<<College Logo>>

<<College Name>> (Sem V / VI) (202- – 202-)



SAMPLE CERTIFICATE FORMAT

<<College Logo>> <<College Name>>, <<College Address>> **Department of Computer Science** CERTIFICATE This is to certify that Mr./Ms. ______ of **T.Y.B.Sc. (Sem** V/VI) class has satisfactorily completed the Project ______, to be submitted in the partial fulfillment for the award of **Bachelor of Science** in **Computer Science** during the academic year **202- - 202-**. **Date of Submission: Project Guide** Head / Incharge, **Department Computer Science**



College Seal

Signature of Examiner

SAMPLE DECLARATION FORMAT

DECLARATION

Entit <u>led "</u>	<u>hereby</u>	declare	that	the	<u>prďj</u> e	stubmitted	ih		
the partial fulfillment for the award of Bachelor of Science in Computer Science during th									
academic year 202- – 202- is my original work and the project has not formed the basis for									
the award of any degree, associateship, fellowship or any other similar titles.									
Signature of the Student:									
Place:									
Date									

Prof. Shivram S. Garje,

Dean,

Faculty of Science and Technology

